

Section 5.1 Page. 343 (17, 41.b, 41.h)

Use the Integration function on your calculator to do 47-50

$$\mathbf{17.} (2+3+4+5+6) \cdot 1 = 20 \text{ Left}$$

$$(3+4+5+6+7) \cdot 1 = 25 \text{ Right}$$

$$\mathbf{41.b} \sum_{k=1}^6 (2k+1) = 3+5+7+9+11+13 = 48$$

$$\mathbf{41.h} \sum_{n=0}^4 \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) = \sin(0) + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + \sin(\pi) + \sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{2}\right) + \sin(2\pi) = \\ 0 + 1 + 0 + -1 + 0 = 0$$

$$\mathbf{47.} \int_{-2}^2 (4-x^2) dx = 10.666667$$

$$\mathbf{48.} \int_0^2 (x^2+1) dx = 4.666667$$

$$\mathbf{49.} \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} (2-2\sin x) dx = 6.2831853$$

$$\mathbf{50.} \int_0^2 2^x dx = 2.8853901$$